1	§ 4555. INFORMATION; DISCLOSURE AND CONFIDENTIALITY
2	(a)(1) The Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the Human Rights
3	Commission's complaint files and investigative files shall be kept confidential except that the
4	Commissioner shall make the investigative file available to the charging party, the respondent,
5	their attorneys, and any State or federal law enforcement agency seeking to enforce anti-
6	discrimination statutes, upon reasonable request. The identities of nonparty witnesses to the
7	investigation may be revealed as part of the investigative file, upon request, unless good cause in
8	shown to protect the witness's confidentiality.
9	(2) Nothing said or done as part of conciliation efforts under this chapter may be made a
10	matter of public record or used as evidence in a subsequent civil action without written consent
11	of the parties. However, final settlement agreements shall be public documents and the parties
12	shall be so informed.
13	(b)(1) Nothing said or done as part of conciliation efforts under this chapter may be made a
14	matter of public record or used as evidence in a subsequent civil action without written consent
15	of the parties. Final settlement agreements shall be public documents and the parties shall be so
16	informed Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Commission shall upon
17	reasonable request provide its complaint files and investigative files to the complainant, the
18	respondent, their attorneys, and any State or federal law enforcement agency seeking to enforce
19	anti-discrimination statutes.
20	(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Commission may refuse to
21	reveal:
22	(A) the identity of a nonparty witness, if good cause is shown to protect the witness's
23	confidentiality; and

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- 1 (B) records or information the release of which may be prohibited under State or federal law absent court order. 2
- (3) A party denied information or records pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection 3 4 may seek the information or records by subpoena. The Commission and any affected person 5 may contest the subpoena in court.
- 6 (c) If the Commission determines that there are reasonable grounds to believe that 7 discrimination has occurred, that determination and the names of the parties may be made public after the parties have been notified of the Commission's determination. If the Commission finds 8 that there are no reasonable grounds to find discrimination, the identity of the parties and any 9 information that would identify the parties shall remain confidential. The Commission shall 10 inform the parties about the provisions of this subsection. In all cases, even if the records are 11 12 confidential, the facts may be used for educational purposes if sufficiently altered so that no person involved in a case can be identified.